

3 Yr. Degree/4 Yr. Honours 5th Semester Examination, 2025 (CCFUP)

Subject : Chemistry

Course : CHEM 5011 (MAJOR)

(Inorganic Chemistry)

Time: 2 Hours

Full Marks: 40

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks.**Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.*

1. Answer *any five* questions: 2×5=10
- (a) 'Mn₃O₄ is normal spinel, whereas Fe₃O₄ is inverse spinel.' — Why?
- (b) 'Copper(II) acetate dihydrate has unexpectedly low magnetic moment (spin-only value).' — State reason.
- (c) What is the reason for very light pink colour of [Mn(OH₂)₆]²⁺?
- (d) Draw Orgel diagram(s) of d⁶ O_h and T_d complexes.
- (e) '[Co(H₂O)₆]²⁺ forms [CoCl₄]²⁻ but [Ni(H₂O)₆]²⁺ does not form [NiCl₄]²⁻.' — Why?
- (f) Define nuclear isomerism with example.
- (g) What do you mean by packing fraction?
- (h) Calculate ground state term symbols for Cr³⁺ and Mn²⁺.
2. Answer *any two* questions: 5×2=10
- (a) (i) What do you mean by Curie point and Neel point in magnetism?
(ii) Define ferromagnetism and antiferromagnetism with example of each. 2+3
- (b) (i) What are MLCT and LMCT transitions? Explain with suitable examples.
(ii) Cite an example of super-exchanged pathway with respect to a coordination molecule. What is the net effect? 3+2
- (c) (i) Compare the crystal field splitting pattern(s) of O_h and T_d crystal fields.
(ii) Draw the structure of [Ni(dmgh)₂] and calculate its CFSE value. 3+2
[dmgh₂ = dimethylglyoxime]
- (d) (i) Explain the electronic spectrum of [Ti(H₂O)₆]³⁺.
(ii) 'Cu(I) compounds show disproportionation reaction.' — Why? 3+2

3. Answer *any two* questions:

10×2=20

- (a) (i) 'The lanthanide elements show the common stable oxidation state of +3.'— State briefly.
- (ii) 'Sm(III) and Eu(III) show exceptional magnetic behaviour with respect to other trivalent lanthanide cations.'— Explain.
- (iii) '2nd and 3rd row transition metals are very much close in their chemical properties.'— Why?
- (iv) 'Cu(II) complexes are Jahn-Teller active.'— Justify. 2+3+3+2
- (b) (i) Write the selection rules for electronic transitions.
- (ii) Write the factors on which crystal field parameter depends.
- (iii) 'OH⁻ ion is in lower position than H₂O in spectrochemical series.'— Explain.
- (iv) 'Generally tetrahedral metal complexes are of high spin.'— Why? 2+3+3+2
- (c) (i) What are mirror nuclei? Give example.
- (ii) 'Lighter elements generally undergo fusion whereas heavier elements show nuclear fission.'— Justify using binding energy curve.
- (iii) A wood specimen from an archaeological sample shows a ¹⁴C activity of 3.8 counts per minute per gram of carbon. Freshly cut wood gives 15.3 counts per minute per gram of carbon. Calculate the age of the specimen.
- (iv) Write the energy terms involved in liquid drop model. 2+3+3+2
- (d) (i) Define homopolymers and heteropolymers with examples.
- (ii) Write some differences between inorganic polymer and organic polymer.
- (iii) 'Borazine is called inorganic benzene.'— Justify.
- (iv) Comment on the applications of phosphazenes. 3+2+3+2
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